

Physical Education (PE) - Progression of Key Skills and Knowledge - EYFS to Year 6

Dance							
EYFS Year 1			Year 2		End of I	KS1 Expectations	
Move to music. Copy dance moves. Perform some dance moves. Move around the space safely.		Copy dance moves. Make up a short dance, after Dance imaginatively. Change rhythm, speed, level a	Change rhythm, speed, level and direction with consistency. Dance with control and co-ordination.		using sim imaginat music an Change their mo Create moveme different	Children should be taught to perform dances using simple movement patterns. Use movement imaginatively, responding to stimuli, including music and performing basic skills Change rhythm, speed, level and direction of their movements Create and perform dances using simple movement patterns, including those from different times and cultures Express and communicate ideas and feelings	
Year 3	Year 4		Year 5		Year 6		End of KS2 Expectations
Perform pair/group dance involving canon & unison, meet & part Respond to music in time & rhythm to show like/unlike actions Respond to music to express a variety of moods & feelings	Perform show ser	imaginatively to stimuli o character/music/story clear & fluent dances that nsitivity to idea/stimuli dance within a small group		e to stimuli dances with lifferent styles/eras pair/group), dances	Create & perform dances in of styles consistently Be aware of & use musical srhythm & mood & car accordingly Use appropriate criteria & tento evaluate performances	tructure, dance	Children should be taught to create dances using a range of movement patterns, including those from different times, place and cultures Respond to a range of stimuli and accompaniment Through dance, develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance Perform dances using a range of movement patterns

Gymnastics			
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	End of KS1 Expectations
Make body tense, relaxed, curled and	Make body tense, relaxed, curled and stretched,	Make body tense, relaxed, curled and stretched,	Children should develop core movement,
stretched.	showing some tension.	in a range of movements.	become increasingly competent and confident
Balance on small/large body parts & understand	Begin to work on alone/with someone to make a	Perform a sequence with changes in speed &	and access a broad range of opportunities to
stillness	sequence of shapes/travels	direction including 3 different actions	extend their agility, balance and co-ordination,
Make large and small body shapes	Climb safely, showing some shapes and balances	(sometimes giving advice to others)	individually and with others.
Climb & hang from apparatus	when climbing.	Be still on single/two + points of contact on	
Perform basic travelling actions on various body	Keep balance travelling in a range of ways along	floor/apparatus showing tension & control	
parts	bench, spots, mat etc	Link known shape/travel/roll/jump to a balance	
	Roll in stretched/curled positions e.g. 'log' and	using floor & on apparatus	
	'egg rolls'		





		Jump/land with cor shapes in flight	ntrol using different body	
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 Expectations
Use a greater number of own ideas for movement in response to a task. Combine arm actions with skips/leaps/steps/jumps & spins in travel Travel while using various hand apparatus, (ribbon/hoop/ rope/ball) Know principles of balance and apply them on floor & apparatus	Share ideas and give positive criticism/advice to self & others. Create & perform matching/mirroring sequences explaining how it could be improved Perform at least 3 different rolls (shoulder, forward, back) with some control Link a roll with travel and balance using floor and apparatus with good body control	Combine own work with that of others, identifying strengths & weaknesses. Include change of speed, direction and shape in movements. Follow a set of 'rules' to produce a sequence, possibly made by peers. Create mirror/matching/cannon (pair) sequence varying dynamics/levels/direction etc.	Select a suitable routine to perform to different audiences, bearing in mind who the audience is. Transfer sequence above onto suitably arranged apparatus & floor Perform 6-8 part floor sequence as individual, pair & small group to a piece of music Demonstrate 3 paired balances in sequence using various skills/actions	Pupils should be taught to develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance, for example through gymnastics and athletics

Invasion Games

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	End of KS1 Expectations
Send & receive a ball by rolling from hand &	Throw underarm, bounce & catch ball by self &	Perform some dribbling skills with hands and feet	Pupils should participate in team games,
striking with foot	with partner	using space	developing simple tactics for attacking and
Aim & throw object underarm	Kick/stop a ball using a confident foot while static	Pass a ball accurately (hands & feet) over longer	defending.
Catch balloon/bean bag/scarf & sometimes a	Run straight and on a curve and sidestep with	distances to a team mate	
bouncing ball	correct technique	Combine stopping, pick up/collect & send a ball	
Move and stop safely in a specific area	Begin to follow some simple rules	accurately to other players	
Play a passing & target game alone and with a		Make simple decisions about when /where to	
partner		move in game to receive a ball	

Netball

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 Expectations
Make a series of passes to team mates moving towards a scoring area. Show some signs of using a chest pass and shoulder pass. Show a target to indicate where I'd like to pass to. Know where space is and try to move into it. Mark another player and defend when needed.	Use a chest pass and shoulder pass to support team in scoring. Make decisions regarding which is the best type of pass to use. Begin to use a bounce pass, which only bounces once. Identify space to move into and show a clear target to receive a pass. Mark another player and begin to attempt interceptions. Know where positions are allowed on a court.	Use all three passes (chest, shoulder & bounce) correctly. Use a range of speeds within a game to support a team in scoring. Begin to use square (across the court) & straight (up & down the court) passes to achieve pace. Lose a defender to receive a pass. Defend a player and make some successful interceptions (snatch & catch) when playing as a team.	Know which pass is best to use and when in a game. Use a range of square & straight passes to change direction of the ball. Use landing foot to change direction to lose a defender. Draw defender away to create space for self or team. Position body to defend effectively, making successful interceptions.	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified where appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending

Football

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 Expectations
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Begin to dribble a ball making small touches

Begin to send a football to someone on team.

Keep a ball under control.

Know where space is and try to move into it.

Mark another player and defend when needed.

Dribble with small touches into space. Send a football to someone on the team, using different parts of foot. Keep a ball under control when

receiving a range of passes from team. Understand where the space is and can move into it.

Mark another player and begin to attempt interceptions.

Dribble making small touches into space with speed.

Send a football to someone on the team, using different parts of foot accurately.

Use a range of ways to keep a ball under control (foot, knee, head, and knowing which one due to where ball is coming from).

See space, and use it effectively.
Lose a defender to receive a pass.
Defend a player and make some successful interceptions for team.

Dribble making small touches into space with speed, to beat defenders. Make decisions regarding how and when to send a football to someone in team.

Use a range of ways to keep a ball under control (foot, knee, head, and knowing which one due to where ball is coming from) when under pressure from a defender.

Know how space changes within a game and when and how to move into changing spaces.

Draw defender away to create space. Position body to defend effectively, making successful interceptions.

Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified where appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending

Tag Rugby

Year 3

defend

Move holding a rugby ball Know where to score a try and how to position the ball to score a try Move into spaces to avoid defenders Make a backward pass to team mates, using the direction most comfortable Know to tag team mates when to

Move with speed (and change of) with the ball and without

Year 4

Year 4

space.

Use speed and space to avoid defenders

Pass backwards and in both directions and sometimes on the move

Tag the person who has the ball, but can mark a player who doesn't have the ball

Begin to make a high pop pass to avoid a defender

Year 5

Year 5

Be able to evade and tag opponents. Be able to pass and receive a pass at speed.

Be able to pass and receive a pass at speed in a game situation.
Refine attacking and defending skills.

Develop tactics as a team.

Apply learned skills in a game of tag rugby.

Year 6

Be able to evade and tag opponents. Running at speed, changing direction at speed.

Play effectively in attack and defence Score points against opposition Support player with the ball

End of KS2 Expectations

Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified where appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending

Hockey

Year 3

Begin to show how to hold a hockey stick and which side to use. Use a simple push pass to another team mate. Dribble the ball keeping it close to me using the correct side of stick. Show some signs of an approaching a player to tackle and cause pressure. Begin to attempt to score a goal from anywhere.

Sometimes change direction of travel by rotating and turning stick to

by rotating and turning stick to support this. Use a push pass to make a direct pass.

Begin to use a slap pass (bringing stick back and causing more power). Use speed to dribble the ball into

Maintain defence and keep the pressure until possession is gained. Attempt to score inside a designated scoring area.

Change direction and use the correct side of stick, sometimes using indian dribbling (alternating sides of stick while dribbling) to avoid defenders. Choose between the two passes (push/slap) and explain simply why. Make a direct pass while dribbling.

Begin to use stick to mark a player from the side line causing them difficulty.

Successfully score while in the scoring area.

Year 6

Use speed, changing of direction and indian dribbling to advance towards team's goal.

Use a range of passes knowing which one depending on the distance of the pass.

Dribble and change direction by making a square pass (across the pitch) or straight pass (up/down the pitch).

Know when to defend and what defence skills could be used.

End of KS2 Expectations

Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified where appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending

Seize an opportunity to score,	
sometimes quite quickly.	

Striking and Fielding Games

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	End of KS1 Expectations
Aim & throw object underarm	Show some different ways of hitting, throwing	Send a ball off a tee using a bat or a racket	Pupils should participate in team games,
Catch balloon/bean bag/scarf & sometimes a	and striking a ball	Play two types of games to score: running around	developing simple tactics for attacking and
bouncing ball	Hit a ball or bean bag and move quickly to score	a series of hula hoops or forwards and backwards	defending.
Use hand to strike a bean bag or ball and move	a range of points (further distance scores more	between hula hoops	
towards a scoring area	points)	Stop moving when the 'bowler' has the ball	
Begin to use a bat to hit a ball or bean bag	Play as a fielder and get the ball back to a STOP	Play as a fielder and pass the ball back to the	
	ZONE	bowler to make the runner stop	
	Begin to follow some simple rules (carrying the	Follow rules for a game (carry the bat, don't	
	bat, not over taking someone)	overtake, run around the outside of the hula	
		hoops)	

Cricket

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 Expectations
Throw and catch under pressure.	To develop the range of Cricket skills	To link together a range of skills and	To apply with consistency standard	Pupils should be taught to play
Use fielding skills to stop the ball	they can apply in a competitive	use in combination	cricket rules in a variety of different	competitive games, modified where
effectively.	context	To collaborate as a team to choose,	styles of games	appropriate, such as football, netball,
Learn batting control.	To choose and use a range of simple	use and adapt rules in games	To attempt a small range of recognised	rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball,
Learn the role of backstop.	tactics in isolation and in a game	To recognise how some aspects of	shots in isolation and in competitive	badminton and tennis, and apply basic
Play in a tournament and work as	context	fitness apply to cricket e.g. power,	scenarios	principles suitable for attacking and
team, using tactics in order to beat	To consolidate existing skills and apply	flexibility and cardiovascular	To use a range of tactics for attacking	defending
another team.	with consistency	endurance	and defending in role of bowler, batter	
			and fielder	

Rounders

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 Expectations
Be able to play simple rounders games Apply some rules to games Develop and use simple rounders skills	Develop the range of rounders skills that can apply in a competitive context Choose and use a range of simple tactics in isolation and in a game context Identify different positions in rounders and the roles of those positions	Link together a range of skills and use in combination. Collaborate as a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games. Recognise how some aspects of fitness apply to rounders e.g. power, flexibility and cardiovascular endurance Throw and catch under pressure. Use fielding skills to stop the ball effectively. Learn batting control. Learn the role of backstop.	Apply consistently rounders rules in conditioned games Play small sided games using standard rounders pitch layout Use a range of tactics for attacking and defending in role of bowler, batter and fielder	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified where appropriate, such as football, netball, rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball, badminton and tennis, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending

Play in a tournament and work as	
team, using tactics in order to bear	
another team.	
Play in a tournament and work as	
team, using tactics in order to bear	
another team	

Net and Wall Games - Tennis

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of KS2 Expectations
Tap the ball off racquet (tapping it to	Tap the ball back and forth to a partner	Tap the ball using either a fore hand or	Turn and run to the ball getting into a	Pupils should be taught to play
the ground, tapping it up off the	over a small space	back hand motion	forehand or backhand position en	competitive games, modified where
racket, tapping it up with one bounce	Begin to tap a ball over a net allowing	Move towards the ball from 'ready'	route	appropriate, such as football, netball,
etc)	for a bounce, hit technique	position choosing either forehand or	Use 'move-hit-recover' approach	rounders, cricket, hockey, basketball,
Tap the ball back and forth to partner	Move from a ready position into a	backhand depending on where the ball	within a game showing facing forward	badminton and tennis, and apply basic
Stand in a ready position holding	forehand position/backhand position	is	on recovery	principles suitable for attacking and
racquet correctly	quickly	Set racquet back in its ready position	Show a range of grips when	defending
Change from a ready position before	Bring racquet to meet the ball for a	quickly upon recovery	demonstrating a backhand	
tapping the ball to a partner	forehand and backhand hit	Demonstrate the correct swing	(continental, chopper, hammer grip).	
Begin to know what it means by a	Know to use two hands for an effective	technique when hitting the ball over a	Use the correct swing technique and	
forehand and backhand position	backhand	net sometimes showing control over	control with smooth swings keeping	
Begin to attempt to serve the tennis	Move racquet in a low to high swing	the hit	the path of the racquet the same	
ball straight from hands, sometimes	for an effective tap	Serve the ball correctly beginning to	Serve the ball accurately making team	
using one bounce if needed	Serve the ball straight from hands to	purposely aim for space to score	mates have to move to send it back	
	racquet making sure it lands 'in' on the			
	other side			

Athletics

EYFS Year 1			Year 2		End of KS1 Expectations		
LIFS		Use varying speeds when running. Explore footwork patterns. Explore arm mobility. Explore different methods of throwing. Practise short distance running.		Run with agility and confidence. Learn the best jumping techniques for distance. Throw different objects in a variety of ways. Hurdle an obstacle and maintain effective running style. Run for distance. Complete an obstacle course with control and agility.		Pupils should continue to apply and develop a range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating their own success. Pupils should be taught to use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.	
Year 3	Year 4		Year 5		Year 6		End of KS2 Expectations
Run in different directions and at different speeds, using a good technique. Improve throwing technique. Reinforce jumping techniques.	Select and maintain a running pace for different distances. Practise throwing with power and accuracy.		Use correct technique to run at speed. Develop the ability to run for distance.		changes of speed.		Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to

the baton.							
Choose	and	l understand					
appropriate running techniques.							
Compete in	n a	minicompetition,					
recording scores.							

Understand the relay and passing

safely Throw and with understanding. Demonstrate good running technique in a competitive situation. Explore different footwork patterns Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance. Utilise all the skills learned in this

unit in a competitive situation.

Throw with accuracy and power.Identify and apply techniques of relay running. Explore footwork patterns. Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance. Learn how to use skills to improve the distance of a pull throw. Demonstrate good techniques in a competitive situation.

Throw safely and with understanding. Demonstrate running good technique in a competitive situation. Explore different footwork patterns. Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance. Utilise all the skills learned in this unit in a competitive situation.

make actions and sequences of movement.

They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with

They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other and evaluate their own success.

Pupils should be taught to use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.

Swimming and Water Safety

End of KS2 Expectations

Pupils should be taught to swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 m.

To use a range of strokes effectively (EG: front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke)

Perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.

To develop basic pool safety skills and

confidence in water.

To develop travel in vertical or horizontal

position and introduce floats.

To develop push and glides, any kick action on front and back with or

without support aids.

To develop entry and exit, travel further, float and submerge.

To develop balance, link activities and travel further on whole stroke.

To show breath control.

Introduction to deeper water.

Treading water